



REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(with required supplementary information)

Year ended June 30, 2022

Oakridge Public Schools

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education
Oakridge Public Schools
Muskegon, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oakridge Public Schools (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements—Continued

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District’s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District’s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Education
Oakridge Public Schools
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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements—Continued

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2022 on our consideration of the School District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Muskegon, Michigan
November 1, 2022

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of Oakridge Public School's financial performance provides an overall review of the school district's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to provide, in layman's terms, a look at the district's performance and past and current position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

This information is required by GASB 34 (Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 34). GASB 34 requires the presentation of two basic types of financial statements; namely, District-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis, (2) the independent auditors' report, (3) the basic financial statements, and (4) required supplementary information. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detail data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the district's budget for the year.

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements provide a financial perspective of the District as a whole. These statements are "full accrual" basis of accounting and provide information about the district's overall financial status. They are used to help determine whether or not the district is better off or worse off as the result of the year's activities. There are two district-wide statements: the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* reports all of the district's assets, deferred inflows and outflows, and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, regardless if they are "currently available" or not. Capital assets and long-term obligations of the district are reported in this statement.

The *Statement of Activities* accounts for the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. The intent of this statement is to summarize and simplify the information relative to funding received and expenditures made for district services.

The two district-wide statements report the district's net position and how they have changed. Net Position – the difference between the district's assets, deferred inflows and outflows, and liabilities – is one way to measure the district's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the district's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the district's overall health, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the district's property tax base, the quality of the education provided, and the condition of the district's buildings.

In the district-wide statements, the district's activities are classified as *governmental activities*. This includes most of the district's basic services, such as regular and special education, food service, athletics, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these services.

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the district, reporting the district's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund level statements are reported on a *modified accrual basis*. Only those assets that are "*measurable*" and "*currently available*" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

The fund statements are formatted to comply with the legal requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's "Accounting Manual." In the State of Michigan, the district's major instructional and instructional support activities are reported in the *General Fund*. The primary funding sources for the general fund are from local property taxes, state foundation grant per student, state categorical funding for specific programs, federal grants and inter-governmental transfers.

Other funds include the Special Revenue Funds for Food Service and Technology Millage. The Debt Service Funds are used to record debt payments of principal and interest. Local property tax funds are used to pay the majority of the debt, with any unmet needs being covered by the Michigan School Bond Loan Program and Michigan School Loan Revolving Fund. The Capital Project Funds are used to record the costs associated with the acquisition of land, construction or improvement of school facilities, and for equipment purchases. The Student/School Activity Fund is used for various student or school related groups' financial transactions. Monies in these funds are not available for general school use.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The net position of the district as of June 30, 2022, amounted to approximately negative \$24 million. School districts are now mandated to calculate their proportionate share of net pension liability (see note I). Figure A-1 on the following page shows a condensed breakdown of the net position.

The largest portion of the district's net position reflects resources that are restricted as to how they may be used. This net position category represents investments in capital (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment), plus capital related deferred outflows of resources, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The district uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for spending. Although the district's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The debt used as a decrease to capital assets relates to general obligation bonds, which are paid from local property taxes.

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Figure A-1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current assets	\$ 10,596,512	\$ 17,522,097
Capital assets	36,850,636	31,243,841
Deferred outflows		
Deferred charges on refunding	91,847	110,217
Related to pensions and other postemployment benefits	8,337,011	11,003,876
Total assets and deferred outflows	<u>55,876,006</u>	<u>59,880,031</u>
Current liabilities	5,877,543	6,897,447
Noncurrent liabilities	57,456,213	74,411,533
Deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits	16,908,321	6,417,748
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	<u>80,242,077</u>	<u>87,726,728</u>
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	7,912,294	(7,671,113)
Restricted	2,552,749	7,918,899
Unrestricted	<u>(34,831,114)</u>	<u>(28,094,483)</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ (24,366,071)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (27,846,697)</u></u>

Comments on Major Changes to Net Position

The net position of the district increased approximately \$3.5 million during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Figure A-2 on the following page shows the breakdown of this change. The Statement of Activities presented later in the government-wide financial statements, provides detail on the district's annual activity. The cost of the district's governmental activities for the year was approximately \$24.0 million. However, the amount that the district's taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$15.7 million because participants and other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions paid for approximately \$8.3 million. The remaining "public benefit" portion was paid for with property taxes, state pupil foundation aid, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Figure A-2
Statement of Net Position from Operating Results

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 882,398	\$ 503,470
Operating grants and contributions	7,442,865	7,630,874
General Revenues		
Property taxes	2,907,844	2,786,721
Unrestricted grants and contributions	16,286,689	15,990,028
Other	15,731	27,999
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Revenues	27,535,527	26,939,092
Expenses		
Instruction	13,089,787	14,599,573
Support services	7,938,020	9,169,783
Community services	20,511	18,950
Food services	1,309,470	1,142,830
Student/school activities	351,257	245,985
Athletics	516,099	518,472
Interest on long-term obligations	811,585	998,883
Unallocated depreciation and amortization	18,172	44,997
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Expenses	24,054,901	26,739,473
 Change in net position	 3,480,626	 199,619
 Beginning net position	 <u>(27,846,697)</u>	 <u>(28,046,316)</u>
 Ending net position	 <u><u>\$ (24,366,071)</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ (27,846,697)</u></u>

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Figure A-3
Summary of Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation/amortization)

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Land	\$ 105,000	\$ 105,000
Construction in progress	14,565,868	9,212,746
Land improvements	365,828	412,091
Building and improvements	20,767,284	20,976,937
Equipment	500,393	289,838
Vehicles	302,832	247,229
Right to use – leased vehicles	243,431	-
	\$ 36,850,636	\$ 31,243,841
Total	\$ 36,850,636	\$ 31,243,841

Comments on Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – A summary of the District’s capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization, at year-end is outlined in figure A-3 above. Additional information on the district’s capital assets can be found in note D of the Notes to the Financial Statements. Beginning in the year ended June 30, 2022 the District began capitalizing leased assets in accordance with GASB 87.

Debt Administration – A comparative summary of the District’s indebtedness at year-end is outlined in figure A-4 below.

Under State statute, the District is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 15% of the assessed value of taxable property within the school district. Certain bonds are not included in the computation of the legal debt margin. At June 30, 2022, none of the District’s bonded debt is subject to the debt limit. Additional information on the Oakridge Public Schools’ long-term obligations can be found in note H of the Notes to the Financial Statements. The District passed and issued bonds for capital improvements and for refunding most of the School Bond Loan Fund outstanding.

Figure A-4
Summary of Indebtedness

	Outstanding June 30,	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 30,709,718	\$ 32,415,414
School bond loan fund	806,325	714,339
Lease obligations	264,313	-
Compensated absences	121,274	120,042
	\$ 31,901,630	\$ 33,249,795
Total	\$ 31,901,630	\$ 33,249,795

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the district as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. The combined governmental funds totaled \$6.7 million at year-end. The general fund equity ended the year at \$2,532,386 or 10.6% of expenditures. The primary factors affecting the district's governmental funds' fund balance are listed below.

Factors Impacting Fund Equity

- State funding is tied directly to student enrollment. Therefore, the district's state aid relies on the blended count each year.
- Retirement benefits and health insurance costs continue to rise each year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

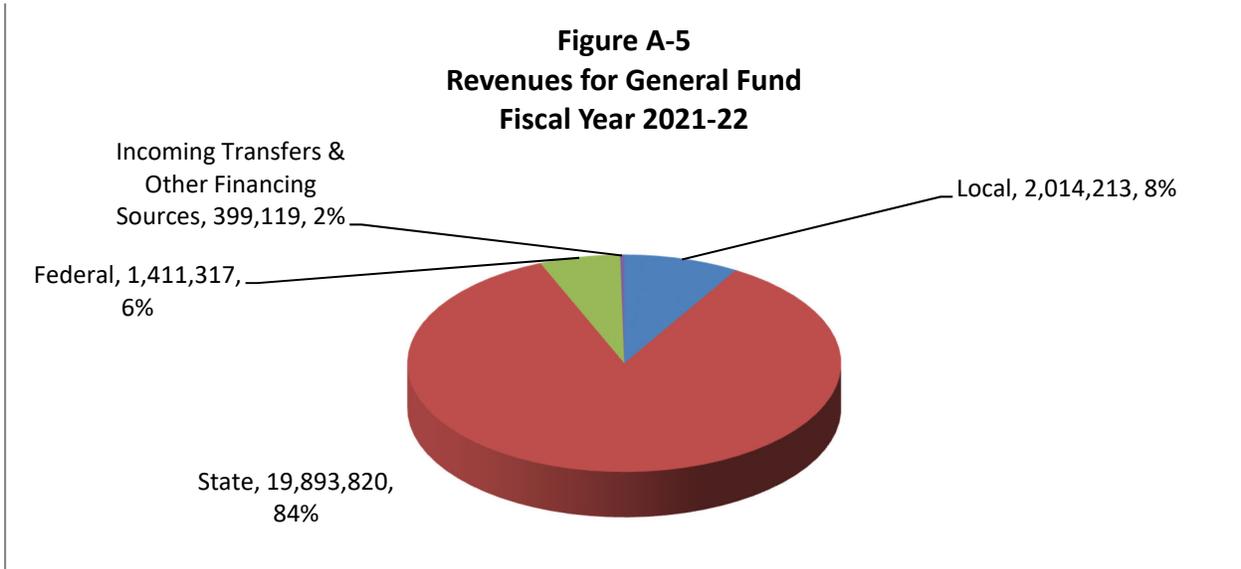
The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to July 1, the start of the fiscal year. When the budget is prepared each year, several unknown factors exist. Estimates are used for such major items as student count, employee contracts, state aid, staffing, utilities, and tax appeals. When compared in total, the variances between the initial budget, final budget and actual results are minimal considering all the unknowns that exist during initial budgeting. As a matter of practice, the district amends its budget periodically during the year. These revisions are made in order to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The following analysis describes the reasons for changes in the budget during the year and the differences in actual and budget figures.

Revenues

One of the changes impacting the District's budget is the revenue received from the State of Michigan as the per pupil foundation allowance. The foundation grant for the 2021-22 year was \$8,700.

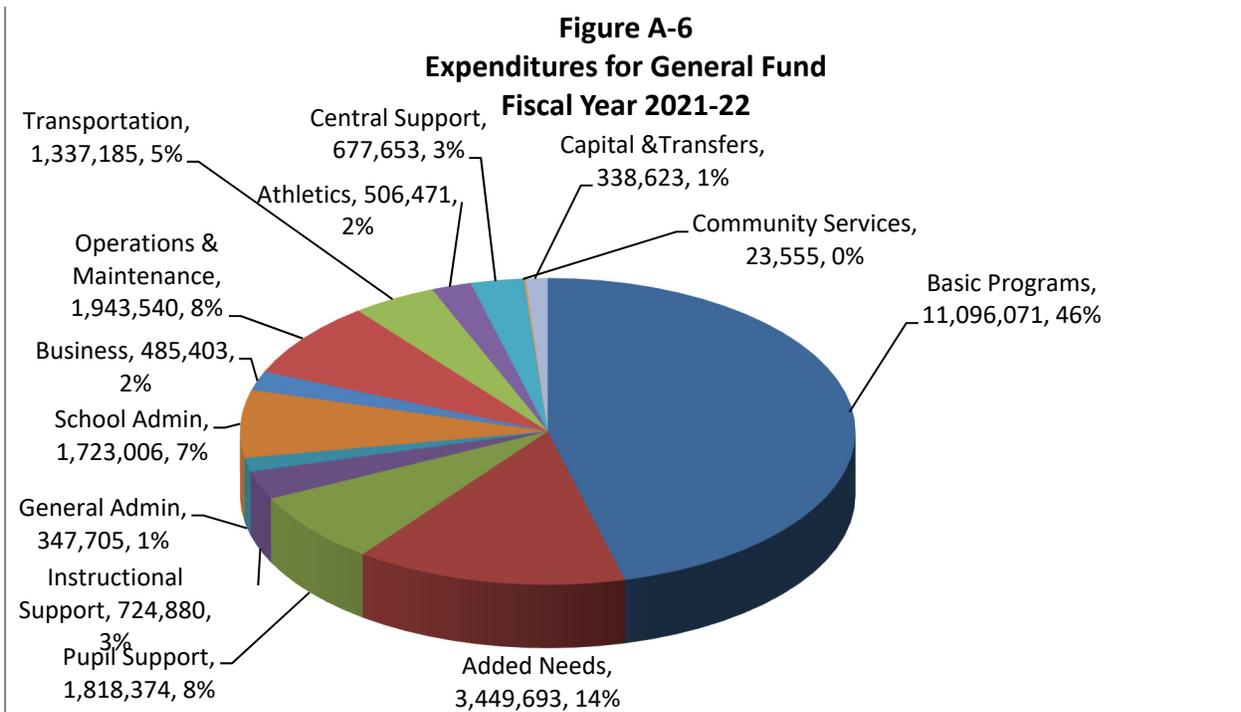
A substantial portion (85%) of the district's General Fund revenues is received from state sources. This means that the financial stability of the district rests primarily with the economic health of the State of Michigan. Figure A-5 depicts the breakdown of the sources of revenue and other financing sources for the district's General Fund that totaled \$23,718,469.

Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



Expenditures

Figure A-6 reflects the breakdown by functional category of \$24,472,156 in expenditures and other financing uses for the district's general fund for 2021-22. Direct classroom instruction was approximately \$11.1 million. Support services includes library services, counselors, special education services, administration, clerical staff, maintenance/custodial staff, utilities, insurance, and transportation services. The remaining categories are self-explanatory.



Oakridge Public Schools
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The original General Fund budget called for a fund balance decrease of \$815,275, while the final amended budget called for a fund balance decrease of \$921,588.

Revenues

Original budget to final budget – Overall, there was an increase of \$713,946 in the total General Fund revenue budget from the original budget to the final amendment.

Final amendment to actual – Total actual revenues were up minimally at \$368,740 above the final budget, mostly due to GASB 87 lease proceeds.

Expenditures

Original budget to final budget – The final expenditure budget increase was consistent with the revenue budgeting.

Final amendment to actual – The total actual expenditures from the final amendment to actual were accurate within 0.8%

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

2022-23 District Budget

The original adopted budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year projects a deficit of \$323,649

The district budgeted for 1950 students at a foundation allowance of \$9,150. Enrollment is a deciding factor in school budgets. We believe our fall count will be approximately 60 students less than our original budget.

This budget will be amended twice during the fiscal year to reflect updated foundation allowance information, actual student counts, changes to any legislation, and final staffing assignments.

The district has current contracts with all three of the bargaining units.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the district's citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances, and to show how the District is accountable for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mr. Todd Hronek, Director of Finance, Oakridge Public Schools, 275 South Wolf Lake Road, Muskegon, MI 49442, telephone number (231) 788.7109.

Oakridge Public Schools
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022

	Governmental activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,031,341
Investments	1,856,998
Receivables	4,326
Due from other governmental units	4,352,734
Inventories	35,693
Prepaid items	315,420
Total current assets	10,596,512
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, net	
Nondepreciable/nonamortizable	14,670,868
Depreciable/amortizable	22,179,768
Total noncurrent assets	36,850,636
Total assets	47,447,148
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on refunding	91,847
Related to other postemployment benefits	2,464,443
Related to pensions	5,872,568
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,428,858
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	55,876,006
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,782,423
Due to other governmental units	689,605
Unearned revenue	570,913
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	1,834,602
Total current liabilities	5,877,543
Noncurrent liabilities	
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	30,067,028
Net other postemployment benefits liability	1,673,835
Net pension liability	25,715,350
Total noncurrent liabilities	57,456,213
Total liabilities	63,333,756
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to other postemployment benefits	6,481,394
Related to pensions	10,426,927
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,908,321
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	80,242,077
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,912,294
Restricted for technology	608,907
Restricted for capital projects	1,943,842
Unrestricted	(34,831,114)
Total net position	\$ (24,366,071)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the year ended June 30, 2022

<i>Functions/Programs</i>	Program Revenue			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Governmental activities
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 13,089,787	\$ 368,595	\$ 4,531,720	\$ (8,189,472)
Support services	7,938,020	8,295	1,189,468	(6,740,257)
Community services	20,511	-	12,208	(8,303)
Food services	1,309,470	34,124	1,448,040	172,694
Student/school activities	351,257	403,102	-	51,845
Athletics	516,099	68,282	-	(447,817)
Interest on long-term debt	811,585	-	261,429	(550,156)
Unallocated depreciation/amortization	18,172	-	-	(18,172)
Total governmental activities	\$ 24,054,901	\$ 882,398	\$ 7,442,865	(15,729,638)
General revenues				
Property taxes				2,907,844
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				16,286,689
Investment earnings				4,512
Miscellaneous				11,219
Total general revenues				19,210,264
Change in net position				3,480,626
Net position at beginning of year				(27,846,697)
Net position at end of year				\$ (24,366,071)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
BALANCE SHEET
 Governmental Funds
 June 30, 2022

	General Fund	2020 School Building and Site Fund	2019 Energy Conservation Capital Project Fund	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,062,573	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,968,768	\$ 4,031,341
Investments	-	1,856,998	-	-	1,856,998
Receivables	4,326	-	-	-	4,326
Due from other governmental units	4,298,717	-	-	54,017	4,352,734
Due from other funds	312,079	402,657	-	-	714,736
Inventories	-	-	-	35,693	35,693
Prepaid items	37,134	-	-	278,286	315,420
Total assets	\$6,714,829	\$ 2,259,655	\$ -	\$ 2,336,764	\$ 11,311,248
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 681,726	\$ 34,954	\$ -	\$ 14,421	\$ 731,101
Accrued liabilities	1,837,542	39,457	-	1,129	1,878,128
Due to other governmental units	689,605	-	-	-	689,605
Due to other funds	402,657	241,402	-	70,677	714,736
Unearned revenue	570,913	-	-	-	570,913
Total liabilities	4,182,443	315,813	-	86,227	4,584,483
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Inventories	-	-	-	35,693	35,693
Prepaid items	37,134	-	-	278,286	315,420
Restricted					
Debt service	-	-	-	149,857	149,857
Technology	-	-	-	608,907	608,907
Food services	-	-	-	777,267	777,267
Capital projects	-	1,943,842	-	-	1,943,842
Committed					
Capital projects	-	-	-	54,535	54,535
Student/school activities	-	-	-	345,992	345,992
Assigned to subsequent year's budget appropriations	323,649	-	-	-	323,649
Unassigned	2,171,603	-	-	-	2,171,603
Total fund balances	2,532,386	1,943,842	-	2,250,537	6,726,765
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$6,714,829	\$ 2,259,655	\$ -	\$ 2,336,764	\$ 11,311,248

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
 TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**
 June 30, 2022

Total fund balances—governmental funds		\$ 6,726,765
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 49,893,127	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>(13,042,491)</u>	36,850,636
Deferred charges on refunding are not capitalized and amortized in the governmental funds.		
Deferred charges on refunding	238,807	
Accumulated amortization	<u>(146,960)</u>	91,847
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits	2,464,443	
Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits	(6,481,394)	
Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions	5,872,568	
Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions	<u>(10,426,927)</u>	(8,571,310)
Accrued interest in governmental activities is not reported in the governmental funds.		
		(173,194)
Long-term obligations in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		<u>(59,290,815)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (24,366,071)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	2020 School Building and Site Fund	2019 Energy Conservation Capital Project Fund	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 1,037,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,870,100	\$ 2,907,844
Investment earnings	-	4,512	-	-	4,512
Fees and charges	436,877	-	-	42,419	479,296
Student/school activity income	-	-	-	403,102	403,102
Other	539,592	-	-	402,090	941,682
Total local sources	2,014,213	4,512	-	2,717,711	4,736,436
State sources	19,893,820	-	-	177,523	20,071,343
Federal sources	1,411,317	-	-	1,662,455	3,073,772
Total revenues	23,319,350	4,512	-	4,557,689	27,881,551
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	14,545,764	-	-	-	14,545,764
Support services	9,564,214	-	-	377,266	9,941,480
Community services	23,555	-	-	-	23,555
Food services	-	-	-	1,334,255	1,334,255
Student/school activities	-	-	-	351,257	351,257
Capital outlay	76,147	-	-	-	76,147
Debt service					
Principal repayment	64,101	-	-	1,535,000	1,599,101
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	1,206,111	1,206,111
Capital projects	-	4,931,040	142,041	-	5,073,081
Total expenditures	24,273,781	4,931,040	142,041	4,803,889	34,150,751
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(954,431)	(4,926,528)	(142,041)	(246,200)	(6,269,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	70,705	-	-	601,026	671,731
Transfers out	(198,375)	(402,651)	-	(70,705)	(671,731)
Loan proceeds	328,414	-	-	72,667	401,081
Total other financing sources (uses)	200,744	(402,651)	-	602,988	401,081
Net change in fund balances	(753,687)	(5,329,179)	(142,041)	356,788	(5,868,119)
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,286,073	7,273,021	142,041	1,893,749	12,594,884
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,532,386	\$ 1,943,842	\$ -	\$ 2,250,537	\$ 6,726,765

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**
For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds \$ (5,868,119)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities these costs are depreciated/amortized over their estimated useful lives or lease term if shorter.

Depreciation/amortization expense	\$ (845,351)	
Capital outlay	<u>6,452,439</u>	5,607,088

Governmental funds report the entire proceeds from the sale of capital assets as revenue, but the Statement of Activities reports only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets. (293)

Governmental funds report outflows for deferred charges on refunding as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities these costs are amortized over the bond period. (18,370)

Debt proceeds are other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. (91,986)

Lease proceeds are other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. (328,414)

Repayment of principal on long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. 1,769,797

Interest expense on long-term obligations is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred, but is not reported in governmental funds until paid. 77,844

Compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources. They are reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. (1,232)

Some other postemployment benefit related expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 1,782,096

Some pension related expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 552,215

Change in net position of governmental activities **\$ 3,480,626**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Oakridge Public Schools (School District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education (Board), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the School District. The School District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the School District is considered to be financially accountable for other organizations, those organizations should be included as component units in the School District's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criterion, none are included in the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the School District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 2020 School Building and Site Fund accounts for the use of the proceeds from the 2020 School Building and Site Bonds. The bond was approved for issuance in November 2019 and may be used for school building and site purposes.

The 2019 Energy Conservation Capital Project Fund accounts for the use of the proceeds from the 2019 Energy Conservation Bonds. The bond was approved for issuance in September 2019 and may be used for acquiring, constructing, and installing certain energy conservation projects to school facilities.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements—Continued

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

The special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The School District accounts for its food services, student/school activities, and technology activities in the school service special revenue funds.

The debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The capital projects funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

During the course of operations the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting—Continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the school districts. For the current fiscal year, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in October and February.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as due from other governmental units.

The School District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The School District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the School District are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices). Standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the School District intends to hold the investment until maturity.

State statutes authorize the School District to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The School District is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above. The School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the School District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the School District are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period or estimated useful lives. The other property, plant, and equipment, of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Asset Classes</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10-20
Buildings and improvements	10-50
Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	8
Right to use – vehicles	3-5

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Defined Benefit Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPERS) and additions to/deductions from MPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts of net position to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the computation of net investment in capital assets, School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund debt is not considered to be capital related debt.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by formal action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by formal action remains in place until a similar action is taken (another formal action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has authorized the Director of Finance to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Leases

The School District is a lessee for several noncancelable leases of buildings and equipment. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements for each building and/or equipment lease. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Leases—Continued

Key estimates and judgements include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The School District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the School District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the School District. The taxes are levied as of December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due date is February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statement consists of unpaid, accumulated sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

For fund financial statements, no compensated absence liability is reported for current employees and a compensated absence liability is reported for terminated employees only when the termination date is on or before year end.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by Board of Education resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the General Fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
4. The Director of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
6. The budget is amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to June 30, 2022.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year ended June 30, 2022, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for pupil transportation services, central services and capital outlay by approximately \$252,000, \$68,000 and \$76,000 respectively. These over expenditures were funded with reductions in other function areas.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY—Continued

School Bond Construction Compliance

The 2019 Energy Conservation Bonds and the 2020 School Building and Site Bonds include capital project activities to be funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351(a) of the State of Michigan’s School Code.

Following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures in the 2019 Energy Conservation Bonds and the 2020 School Building and Site Bonds capital project funds from the inception of the funds through June 30, 2022:

	2019 Energy Bonds Capital Projects Fund	2020 Building and Site Capital Projects Fund
Revenue and bond proceeds	\$ 2,679,291	\$ 16,619,015
Expenditures and transfers	2,679,291	14,675,173

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair value	Weighted average maturity (Days)	Standard & Poor's rating	Percent
MILAF + Max Class	\$ 1,856,998	55	AAAm	100%
Portfolio weighted average maturity		55		

The School District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in an external investment pool (Pool). The Pool utilized by the School District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF is an external investment pool of "qualified" investments for Michigan school districts. MILAF is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. The fair value of the School District's investments is the same as the value of the Pool shares.

Interest rate risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the School District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in interest rates by using the following methods: segmented time distribution, specific identification, weighted average maturity, duration and simulation model.

Credit risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the three highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Concentration of credit risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the School District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School District investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Investments in any one type of non-U.S. Treasury securities may be no more than 10 percent of the total current investment portfolio. There were no investment concentrations as of June 30, 2022.

Custodial credit risk - deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, \$4,255,862 of the School District's bank balance of \$4,505,862 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments

For an investment this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The School District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the School District will do business.

Foreign currency risk

The School District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair value management

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

	Amortized Cost
MILAF External Investment pool -MAX Class	\$ 1,856,998

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 105,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,000
Construction in progress	9,212,746	5,353,122	-	14,565,868
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	9,317,746	5,353,122	-	14,670,868
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	1,341,929	-	-	1,341,929
Buildings and improvements	30,892,273	382,987	-	31,275,260
Equipment	1,443,446	273,516	54,598	1,662,364
Vehicles	499,892	114,400	-	614,292
Right to use - leased vehicles	-	328,414	-	328,414
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	34,177,540	1,099,317	54,598	35,222,259
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	929,838	46,263	-	976,101
Buildings and improvements	9,915,336	592,640	-	10,507,976
Equipment	1,153,608	62,668	54,305	1,161,971
Vehicles	252,663	58,797	-	311,460
Right to use - leased vehicles	-	84,983	-	84,983
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	12,251,445	845,351	54,305	13,042,491
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	21,926,095	253,966	293	22,179,768
Capital assets, net	\$ 31,243,841	\$ 5,607,088	\$ 293	\$ 36,850,636

Depreciation/amortization

Depreciation/amortization expense has been charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 453,869
Support services	287,407
Food services	32,087
Athletics	53,816
Unallocated depreciation/amortization	18,172
	\$ 845,351

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE E—INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Due to/from other Funds

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

<u>Receivable fund</u>	<u>Payable fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	2020 School Building and Site Fund	\$ 241,402
General Fund	Other governmental funds	70,677
2020 School Building and Site Fund	General Fund	402,657
		<u><u>\$ 714,736</u></u>

Interfund Transfers

The General Fund transferred \$183,375 to the 2019 Energy Bonds Fund for debt service. The General Fund transferred \$15,000 to the Multi-Purpose Fund to help fund operations and the Multi-Purpose Fund transferred \$50,000 to the General Fund for repairs. The 2020 School Building and Site Fund transferred \$402,651 to the 2020 Bonds Debt Service Fund for debt service. The Food Service Fund transferred \$20,705 to the General Fund to cover allowable indirect costs.

NOTE F—SHORT-TERM DEBT

The School District issues State of Michigan school aid anticipation notes to provide short-term operating funds. The notes are obligations of the General Fund, which received the note proceeds, and are backed by the full faith, credit and resources of the School District. In the event of default, the State of Michigan can withhold future state aid payments. The short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance</u>
	<u>July 1, 2021</u>			<u>June 30, 2022</u>
State aid anticipation note				
2020/2021 0.7% due July 2021	\$ 160,090	\$ -	\$ 160,090	\$ -
	<u><u>\$ 160,090</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 160,090</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

NOTE G—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The School District issues bonds, notes and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities and for the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE G—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—Continued

The following is a summary of long-term obligations activity for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2021</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Due within</u> <u>one year</u>
Governmental activities					
Bonds	\$ 29,235,000	\$ -	\$ 1,535,000	\$ 27,700,000	\$ 1,595,000
Premium	3,180,414	-	170,696	3,009,718	170,696
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	714,339	420,400	64,101	1,070,638	55,806
Compensated absences	120,042	12,013	10,781	121,274	13,100
	<u>\$ 33,249,795</u>	<u>\$ 432,413</u>	<u>\$ 1,780,578</u>	<u>\$ 31,901,630</u>	<u>\$ 1,834,602</u>

The governmental activities bonds are secured by future state aid and property tax revenues of the School District. If the School District defaults, the bonds are callable.

The governmental activities notes from direct borrowings and direct placements are comprised of obligations to the State of Michigan under the School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund which are secured by future state aid and property tax revenues of the School District and lease obligations. In the event of default, the State of Michigan can withhold future state aid payments.

In the previous schedule, the additions for notes from direct borrowings and direct placements represent \$19,319 of accrued interest on the School Bond Loan Fund, \$72,667 in additional draws on the School Loan Revolving Fund and \$328,414 of new lease obligations.

General obligation bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements consist of the following:

	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Date of</u> <u>Maturity</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:			
Bonds			
2015 Refunding General Obligation Bond	3-5%	May 2028	\$ 4,805,000
2011 General Obligation Bond	6.35-6.75%	May 2026	2,585,000
2019 Refunding Bonds	2.4-2.75%	May 2029	4,260,000
2019 Energy Conservation Bonds	2.25-2.5%	May 2035	2,405,000
2020 Building and Site	4-5%	May 2048	13,645,000
			<u>\$ 27,700,000</u>
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements			
Lease obligation - 77 Passenger Bus & 57 Passenger Bus	3.1%	Aug 2024	\$ 165,343
Lease obligation - 90 Passenger Bus	3.2%	Aug 2025	98,970
School Bond Loan Fund/School Loan Revolving Fund	3%	May 2034	806,325
			<u>\$ 1,070,638</u>

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE G—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—Continued

The annual requirements of principal and interest to amortize the bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements outstanding as of June 30, 2022 follow:

Year ending June 30,	Bonds		Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 1,595,000	\$ 1,087,728	\$ 55,806	\$ 8,295
2024	1,660,000	1,008,762	57,560	6,542
2025	1,775,000	917,449	125,022	4,732
2026	1,885,000	830,848	25,925	830
2027	1,985,000	763,551	-	-
2028-2032	6,280,000	3,087,435	-	-
2033-2037	3,535,000	272,493	-	-
2038-2042	3,570,000	1,527,025	-	-
2043-2048	5,415,000	678,375	806,325	-
	\$ 27,700,000	\$ 10,173,666	\$ 1,070,638	\$ 20,399

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members—eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at Michigan.gov/ORSSchools.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Benefits Provided – Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected (Basic, Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, Pension Plus 2), member retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System who became a member after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4 percent of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50 percent (up to 1 percent of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional service or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013. Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a DC plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Employees in the Pension Plus and DC plans are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. The employee becomes vested in the employer match contribution at the following rates: 50 percent after two years of service, 75 percent after three years of service, and 100 percent after four years of service. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Forfeitures during a plan year are credited to a forfeitures account. Forfeitures are first applied to restore any forfeited amounts that are required to be restored. The remaining amounts in the forfeitures account may be maintained in reserve, used to cover a portion of the plan's administrative expenses or offset future employer contributions, as determined by the plan administrator.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Benefits Provided – Pension—Continued

Pension Reform 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan (Pension Plus 2) with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan is 6 percent. Further, the law provides that, under certain conditions, the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85 percent for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Regular Retirement

The pension benefit for DB and Pension Plus plan members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period. For a Member Investment Plan member, who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010, the averaging period is 36 consecutive months. For a Pension Plus member, who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, the averaging period is 60 consecutive months. For a Basic Plan member, this period is the 60 consecutive months yielding the highest total wages. The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

A retiree who became a Member Investment Plan member prior to July 1, 2010, receives an annual post-retirement non-compounded increase of three percent of the initial pension in the October following twelve months of retirement. Basic Plan members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase, but are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions. Pension Plus members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase.

Plan Status

The Basic, MIP, and Pension Plus plans are closed to new entrants. The Pension Plus 2 plan and the DC plan are still open to new entrants.

Benefits Provided – OPEB

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80 percent beginning January 1, 2013; 90 percent for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Benefits Provided – OPEB—Continued

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions – Pension and OPEB

School Districts are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020 valuation will be amortized over an 18-year period beginning October 1, 2020, and ending September 30, 2038.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Contributions – Pension and OPEB—Continued

The schedules below summarize the contribution rates in effect for the System’s fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Contribution Rates

<u>Benefit Structure</u>	<u>Member</u>	<u>Employer</u>
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	19.78 %
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	19.78
Pension Plus Plan	3.0 - 6.4	16.82
Pension Plus 2 Plan	6.2	19.59
Defined Contribution	0.0	13.39

OPEB Contribution Rates

<u>Benefit Structure</u>	<u>Member</u>	<u>Employer</u>
Premium Subsidy	3.0 %	8.43 %
Personal Healthcare Fund	0.0	7.57

The School District’s pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$3,835,200 including Section 147c contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District and employee defined contribution plan contributions were approximately \$140,200 and \$210,900, respectively.

The School District’s OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB contributions were approximately \$852,200.

Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$25,715,350 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability and a liability of \$1,673,835 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability.

The net pension and OPEB liabilities were measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension and OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net pension and OPEB liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2020. The School District’s proportion of the net pension and OPEB liabilities was determined by dividing each employer’s statutorily required pension and OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension and OPEB contributions, respectively, required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the School District’s pension proportion was 0.10862 and 0.10819 percent, respectively. At September 30, 2021 and 2020, the School District’s OPEB proportion was 0.10966 and 0.10670 percent, respectively.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources—Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$2,916,614 and OPEB expense (benefit) of \$(929,428).

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	<u>Pension</u>		<u>OPEB</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 398,342	\$ 151,433	\$ -	\$ 4,777,843
Changes of assumptions	1,621,004	-	1,399,243	209,379
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	8,267,402	-	1,261,600
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	172,813	270,577	279,594	232,572
State of Michigan Section 147c UAAL rate stabilization state aid payments subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,737,515	-	-
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,680,409	-	785,606	-
Total	\$ 5,872,568	\$ 10,426,927	\$ 2,464,443	\$ 6,481,394

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources—Continued

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, in the chart above, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability, respectively, in the year ended June 30, 2023. The State of Michigan Section 147c UAAL rate stabilization state aid payments subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Pension	OPEB
2023	\$ (761,964)	\$ (1,253,239)
2024	(1,493,663)	(1,147,386)
2025	(2,018,841)	(1,059,842)
2026	(2,222,785)	(998,180)
2027	-	(304,023)
Thereafter	-	(39,887)
	\$ (6,497,253)	\$ (4,802,557)

Actuarial assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation date –	September 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method –	Entry age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate –	2.75%
Investment rate of return –	6.8% a year for the MIP and Basic plans 6.8% a year for the Pension Plus plan 6% a year for the Pension Plus 2 plan 6.95% a year for OPEB
Salary increases –	2.75%-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost-of-living pension adjustments –	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate –	Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3% Year 120 Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3% Year 120

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—Continued

Mortality Assumptions

The healthy life post-retirement mortality tables used in this valuation of the System were the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82 percent for males and 78 percent for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Opt-Out Assumption

21 percent of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30 percent of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage

80 percent of male retirees and 67 percent of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement

75 percent of male and 67 percent of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage of one or more dependents.

Experience Study

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2021 are based on the results of an actual valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—Continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments—Continued

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan’s target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Investment Category</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*</u>
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	

*Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2% inflation.

Rate of return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of plan investment expense, was 27.3 percent and 27.1 percent on pension plan and OPEB plan investments, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate

In the current year, the discount rates used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities were 6.8 percent (6.8 percent for the Pension Plus plan and 6 percent for the Pension Plus 2 plan, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only), and 6.95 percent, respectively. The discount rates used to measure the total pension and OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 were 6.8 percent (6.8 percent for the Pension Plus Plan and 6 percent for the Pension Plus 2 plan, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only), and 6.95 percent, respectively. These discount rates for the current year were based on the long-term expected rates of return on pension plan and OPEB investments of 6.8 percent (6.8 percent for the Pension Plus plan, 6 percent for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95 percent, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plans’ fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE H—PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)—Continued

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the School District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8 percent (6.8 percent for the Pension Plus plan and 6 percent for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the School District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

1% Lower* (5.8% / 5.8% / 5%)	Discount Rate* (6.8% / 6.8% / 6%)	1% Higher* (7.8% / 7.8% / 7%)
\$ 36,765,976	\$ 25,715,350	\$ 16,553,656

* Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the School District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the School District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

1% Lower (5.95%)	Discount Rate (6.95%)	1% Higher (7.95%)
\$ 3,110,288	\$ 1,673,835	\$ 454,800

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the School District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

1% Lower	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Higher
\$ 407,398	\$ 1,673,835	\$ 3,098,729

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plans’ fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the pension and OPEB plan

At year end the School District is current on all required pension and OPEB payments. Accruals for July and August deferred payroll and for July and August Section 147c amounts are not considered payables for this purpose.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 June 30, 2022

NOTE I—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

- **Construction contracts** – As of June 30, 2022, the School District had awarded construction contracts totaling approximately \$9,450,000.

Grant Programs

The School District participates in grant programs, which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor or its representatives. Such audits of these programs may be performed at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE J—TAX ABATEMENTS

The School District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements (BRA), and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all fund types by municipality under these programs are as follows:

<u>Municipality</u>	<u>Abatement Type</u>	<u>Taxes Abated</u>
Egelston	IFT	\$ 65,045

The tax abatements that reduce the general fund operating tax levy are considered by the State of Michigan when calculating the School District’s state aid—section 22 of the State School Aid Act.

There are no significant abatements made by the School District.

Oakridge Public Schools
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE K—OTHER INFORMATION

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District participates in two distinct pools of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The School District pays annual premiums under a retrospectively rated policy to the pools for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The workers' compensation pool and the property casualty pool maintain reinsurance for claims generally in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage varying depending on the specific type coverage of reinsurance.

The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. No settlements have occurred in excess of coverage for June 30, 2022 or any of the prior three years.

NOTE L—UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement 96—*Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* was issued by the GASB in May 2020 and will be effective for the School District's 2023 fiscal year. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended.

NOTE M—SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In August 2022, the School District received the proceeds of \$800,000 State of Michigan (State) school aid anticipation notes payable. The notes payable are not subject to redemption prior to its maturity in August 2023 and each bears interest at the rate of 1.97 percent per annum. The School District pledged for payment of the notes payable, the amount of state school aid to be received plus the full faith, credit, and resources of the School District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 General Fund
 For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted amounts		Actual	Variance with final budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 1,796,300	\$ 2,040,265	\$ 2,014,213	\$ (26,052)
State sources	19,922,644	19,803,841	19,893,820	89,979
Federal sources	896,839	1,434,918	1,411,317	(23,601)
Incoming transfers and other transactions	20,000	70,705	399,119	328,414
Total revenues	22,635,783	23,349,729	23,718,469	368,740
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Basic programs	10,485,708	11,199,418	11,096,071	103,347
Added needs	3,387,722	3,525,925	3,449,693	76,232
Support services				
Pupil	1,677,027	1,806,610	1,818,371	(11,761)
Instructional staff	510,282	738,202	724,880	13,322
General administration	457,615	400,935	347,705	53,230
School administration	1,590,366	1,717,065	1,723,006	(5,941)
Business	410,451	430,438	485,403	(54,965)
Operations and maintenance	2,721,159	1,999,121	1,943,540	55,581
Pupil transportation services	1,044,822	1,085,159	1,337,185	(252,026)
Athletics	461,212	495,368	506,471	(11,103)
Central	481,856	609,612	677,653	(68,041)
Community services	25,006	32,529	23,555	8,974
Debt service				
Principle repayment	-	-	64,101	(64,101)
Capital outlay	-	-	76,147	(76,147)
Outgoing transfers and other transactions	197,832	230,935	198,375	32,560
Total expenditures	23,451,058	24,271,317	24,472,156	(200,839)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ (815,275)	\$ (921,588)	(753,687)	\$ 167,901
Fund balance at beginning of year			3,286,073	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,532,386	

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (%)	0.10862%	0.10819%	0.10948%	0.10870%	0.10840%	0.10482%	0.10034%	0.09971%	-	-
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,715,350	\$ 37,164,744	\$ 36,256,999	\$ 32,678,538	\$ 28,090,102	\$ 26,152,678	\$ 24,507,864	\$ 21,961,893	\$ -	\$ -
School District's covered payroll	\$ 9,966,558	\$ 9,692,627	\$ 9,478,560	\$ 9,226,441	\$ 9,129,096	\$ 9,017,287	\$ 8,350,709	\$ 8,467,524	\$ -	\$ -
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	258.02%	383.43%	382.52%	354.18%	307.70%	290.03%	293.48%	259.37%	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%	-	-

Note: For years prior to 2014 the information is not available. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years for which information is available.

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of School District's Pension Contributions
Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each year)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 2,097,693	\$ 1,882,649	\$ 1,859,238	\$ 1,661,482	\$ 1,628,662	\$1,718,619	\$ 1,881,901	\$2,070,244	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	2,097,693	1,882,649	1,859,238	1,661,482	1,628,662	1,718,619	1,881,901	2,070,244	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>				
School District's covered payroll	\$10,816,693	\$ 9,906,198	\$10,029,491	\$ 9,401,071	\$ 9,242,268	\$9,054,723	\$ 8,594,135	\$8,341,904	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.39%	19.00%	18.54%	17.67%	17.62%	18.98%	21.90%	24.82%	-	-

Note: For years prior to 2015 the information is not available. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years for which information is available.

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each year)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (%)	0.10966%	0.10670%	0.11033%	0.10885%	0.10818%	-	-	-	-	-
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,673,835	\$ 5,716,190	\$ 7,919,081	\$ 8,652,037	\$ 9,580,108	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's covered payroll	\$ 9,966,558	\$ 9,692,627	\$ 9,478,560	\$ 9,226,441	\$ 9,129,096	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.79%	58.97%	83.55%	93.77%	104.94%	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%	-	-	-	-	-

Note: For years prior to 2017 the information is not available. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years for which information is available.

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of School District's OPEB Contributions
Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each year)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 852,249	\$ 809,819	\$ 795,096	\$ 733,312	\$ 681,550	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	852,249	809,819	795,096	733,312	681,550	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's covered payroll	\$10,816,693	\$ 9,906,198	\$10,029,491	\$9,401,071	\$9,242,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.88%	8.17%	7.93%	7.80%	7.37%	-	-	-	-	-

Note: For years prior to 2018 the information is not available. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will only be presented for those years for which information is available.

Oakridge Public Schools
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the year ended June 30, 2022

Pension Information

Benefit changes – there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes in assumptions – there were no changes of assumptions in 2021.

OPEB Information

Benefit changes – there were no changes of benefit terms in 2021.

Changes in assumptions – the healthcare cost trend rate for those under the age of 65 increased from 7 percent to 7.75 percent in 2021.